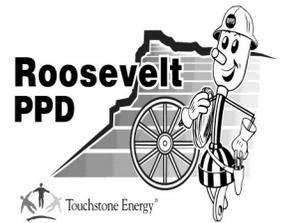


Roosevelt Public Power District

www.rooseveltppd.com



Issue 1

MARCH 2016

Nine Tips For Avoiding Common Mistakes Made With Electricity

Electricity is an integral, yet easily overlooked, part of our everyday lives. The Safe Electricity program encourages everyone to brush up on guidelines for using electricity safely and offers these nine tips on how to safely avoid common mistakes made with electricity.

1. Just because a power line is down does not mean it is dead. Whether caused by a storm or a car accident, a fallen power line is very dangerous. Stay far away, instruct others to stay away, and called your electric utility immediately.
2. Never plug a generator into a wall outlet. After a power outage, many use generators as a quick solution to get the lights back on, but plugging a generator into an outlet creates dangerous backfeed. Backfeed sends electricity back through the power lines and can injure or kill the lineman trying to get the power back on.
3. Don't step into a flooded basement if there is a chance that flood waters may be in contact with outlets or electrical cords. The waters of a flooded basement may be energized with electricity.
4. Water and electrical equipment don't mix. Replace any appliance damaged by water because it is unsafe to use, and never use electrical equipment in wet conditions-if it is raining or the ground is wet.
5. All outlets near areas with water should have GFCI protection. Ground fault circuit interrupters (GFCIs) monitor the flow of electricity in a circuit. If there is an irregularity of electrical flow, the power is cut off, preventing an electric shock.
6. Extension cords should never be used permanently. Extension cords are created for temporary use only. When using them for a permanent solution, they can overheat and cause fires.
7. Never remove a plug's grounding pin. The third prong on a plug is a safety feature. If the plug doesn't fit, the outlet needs replaced.
8. Take care of electrical cords. Never tack or nail an electrical cord to any surface or run cords across traffic paths or under rugs where they can be trampled, and check cords occasionally for damage. Replace when necessary.
9. Avoid overloading outlets. Plugging in too many appliances to an outlet can strain your electrical system.

Be a part of a safer, smarter world. Get more electrical safety tips at SafeElectricity.org.

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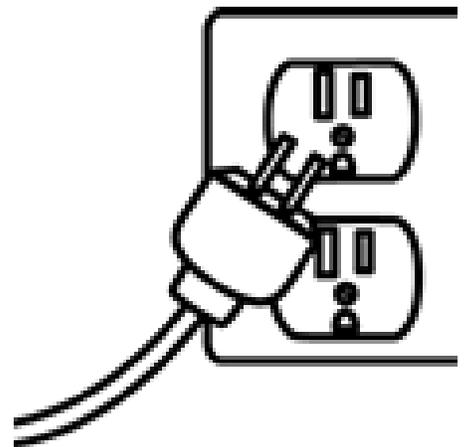
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Clean Power Plan Update

- ◆ On February 9, the U.S. Supreme Court, on a 5-4 vote, stayed the Clean Power Plan (CPP) pending judicial review.
- ◆ The stay was granted in response to applications by Tri-State, NRECA, 27 states, trade organizations, utilities, energy producers, and business interests.
- ◆ The ruling means the EPA cannot force states to comply with any part of the CPP. All of the deadlines and requirements in the rule should be suspended for the period of time that the rule is litigated in the courts.
- ◆ The court found there was a substantial likelihood that the rule would be found unlawful and would cause irreparable harm. It is important to note the Supreme Court has never stayed an environmental regulation before review by the lower court.

ONLINE BILL PAY

WE ARE ALWAYS PLEASED TO SEE OUR VALUED CUSTOMERS IN OUR OFFICE; HOWEVER, DON'T FORGET WE DO NOW OFFER FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE ONLINE BILL PAY FROM OUR WEB SITE, rooseveltppd.com. IF WE HAVE YOUR EMAIL ADDRESS, WE NOW OFFER EMAIL STATEMENTS IN ADDITION TO THE TRADITIONAL MAILED PAPER STATEMENTS.

RHUBARB-APPLE PIE

Ingredients:

1/2 (14.1-ounce) package refrigerated pie dough	Cooking spray
3 1/2 cups sliced fresh rhubarb (about 1 1/4 pounds)	1/2 teaspoon ground cinnamon
1 tablespoon fresh lemon juice	1 cup granulated sugar
2 Granny Smith apples, peeled, cored, and sliced	3/8 teaspoon salt, divided
4.22 ounces all-purpose flour (about 1 cup), divided	1/2 cup packed brown sugar
6 tablespoons cold butter, cut into small pieces	1/3 cup chopped walnut halves

Preheat oven to 425°. Place pie dough on a lightly floured work surface; roll into a 12-inch circle. Fit dough into a 9-inch pie plate coated with cooking spray. Turn edges under; flute. Combine rhubarb, granulated sugar, juice, and apples; toss. Sprinkle the rhubarb mixture with cinnamon, 1/4 teaspoon salt, and 3 tablespoons flour; toss. Spoon rhubarb mixture into prepared crust. Weigh or lightly spoon remaining 3.38 ounces flour (about 3/4 cup) into a dry measuring cup; level with a knife. Combine 3.38 ounces flour, remaining 1/8 teaspoon salt, and brown sugar in a medium bowl; cut butter into flour mixture with a pastry blender or two knives until mixture resembles coarse meal. Stir in walnuts. Sprinkle butter mixture evenly over rhubarb mixture. Bake at 425° for 15 minutes. Reduce oven temperature to 375° (do not remove pie). Bake at 375° for 30 minutes or until golden and bubbly (shield edges of crust with foil if it gets too brown). Let pie stand on a cooling rack for 15 minutes before slicing.

Originally published in Cooking Light.